Creating Bittern Friendly

WETLANDS

PEST CONTROL & MONITORING

- 1. Set your first line of defence away from your wetland.
- 2. Don't perpetuate tracks into your wetland for predators to use.

DO IT RIGHT Draw predators away and not to or into your wetland!

3. Monitor plant and animal pests-be strategic to stop invasion and disturbance



Seems obvious but often wetlands aren't wet enough for long enough.

Target retaining 15-25cm of water

for foraging for at least 90 days Sept to Feb ..

...and keep a 50/50 ratio of open water (including deep pools) to reeds/rushes.

checklist from our website LOVE BITTERN DOWNLOAD **PROJECT**

www.lovebittern.com

Get your 'Habitat for Hurepo'

Little or no canopy forming trees in interior of wetland

- provides easy escape routes
- helps keep your wetland

No human disturbance

- Create hides or use hills as vantage points to observe.
- Restrict access during breeding season Sept-Feb.

matuku

WATERWAYS!

fish/eels

snails/insects

plants

Vast areas of reeds and rushes over permanent water

- gives protection for nesting and resting
- reduces erosion from ripples and waves

Bittern are visual hunters, they stalk and stab their prey, this means they need wade-able (shallow 15-25cm) clear water to see and catch their prey.

Clear, shallow water for foraging

planted with sedges, rushes reeds and low stature plants

- provides cover
- helps filter excess nutrients

Fenced off to control stock

 and deter dogs, pigs and other animals from entering

Scalloped, wriggly edges

 to create more edge habitat

Open water & deep pools

- provides a range of habitat for fish and eels
- helps sediment and heavy phosphates to drop out